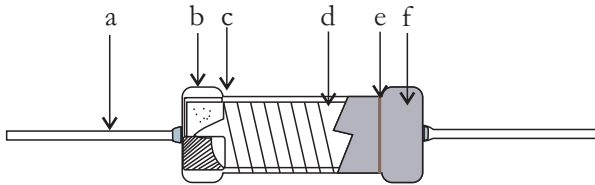


● Features

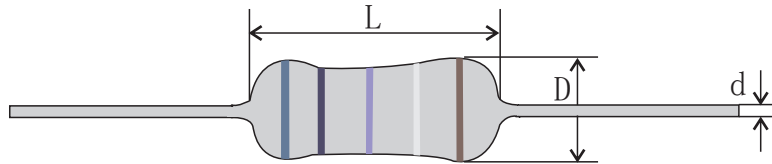
- I High Precision
- II Low T.C.R
- III Wide Working Temperature Range
- IV Perfect Pulse Voltage

● Construction



a	Lead wire
b	Cap
c	Ceramic base
d	Wire wound
e	Marking or color code
f	Insulation coat

● Dimensions, Applications And Ratings



Type	Power	Resistance Range(Ω)	Dimensions(mm)			Max working Voltage	Dielectric with standing	T.C.R (PPM/ $^{\circ}$ C)
			L \pm 1	D \pm 0.5	d \pm 0.05			
KNX15S	1/2W	0.1~2.5K Ω	10	2.5	0.6	80V	125V	C5= \pm 15 C3= \pm 25 C2= \pm 50 C1= \pm 100
KNX16S	1W	0.1~6.8K Ω	12	3.5	0.7	130V	300V	
KNX17S	2W	0.1~10K Ω	14	5	0.8	140V	520V	
KNX18S	3W	0.1~22K Ω	16	6	0.8	200V	600V	
KNX19S	5W	0.1~55K Ω	25	8	0.8	400V	700V	

● Ordering Information

Example:

KNX	14	D	R100	C5
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Series Name	Power Rating	Resistance Tolerance	Resistance	T.C.R

(1)Type: KNX SERIES

(2)Power Rating: 15S=0.5W,16S=1W,17S=2W,18S=3W, 19S=5W

(3)Tolerance: J= \pm 5%,F= \pm 1%,D= \pm 0.5%,C= \pm 0.25%,B= \pm 0.10%,W= \pm 0.05%,P= \pm 0.025%

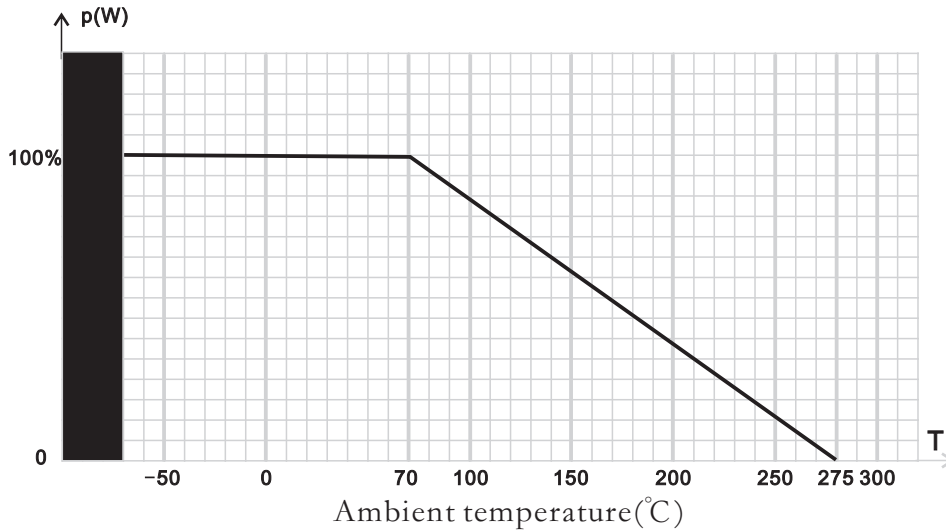
(4)Resistance Value:R100=0.1R、1R00=1 Ω 、10R0=10 Ω 、100R0=100 Ω

(5)T.C.R:C5= \pm 15ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C,C3= \pm 25ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C,C2= \pm 50ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C,C1= \pm 100ppm/ $^{\circ}$ C

● Reference Standards

JISC 5201-1

Derating Curve



Performance

IEC	IEC	TEST	PROCEDURE	REQUIREMENTS	
60115-1	60068-2			permissible change $\Delta R/R$	
CLAUSE	TEST				
	METHOD				
4.5	—	resistance	(%)	F(± 1);D(± 0.5);C(± 0.25);B(± 0.10);W(± 0.05);P(± 0.025)	
4.8	—	temperature coefficient	at 25/85/25 $^{\circ}C$ or under request at 25/-55/25 $^{\circ}C$ or at 25/125/25 $^{\circ}C$	C5(± 15);C3(± 25);C2(± 50);C1(± 100);C0(NO TCR)	
		(ppm/ $^{\circ}C$)			
4.13	—	short time overload;	room temperature; U=2.5* $\sqrt{P70}$ *R $\leq 2U_{max}$;5S	$\pm 0.25\% + 0.05\Omega$	
4.17.2	58(Td)	solderability	solder bath method; 230 $^{\circ}C$;3S	good tinning $\geq 95\%$ covered;no visible damage	
4.18.2	58(Td)	resistance to soldering	solder bath method 230 $\pm 5^{\circ}C$;5 ± 1 S	$\pm 0.25\% + 0.05\Omega$	
		heat			
4.19	14(Na)	rapid change of temperature	30 minutes at -55 $^{\circ}C$ 30 minutes at +155 $^{\circ}C$ 5cycle	$\pm 0.25\% + 0.05\Omega$	
4.22	6(B4)	vibration	6h 10to 2000Hz 1.5mm or 196m/s	$\pm 0.25\% + 0.05\Omega$	
4.23		climatic			
		sequence;			
4.23.2	2(Ba)	dry heat	UCT;16h		
4.23.3	30(Db)	damp heat, cyclic	55 $^{\circ}C$;24h; $\geq 90\%$ RH 1cycle	$\pm 0.25\% + 0.05\Omega$	
4.23.4	1(Aa)	cold	LCT;2h		
4.23.5	13(M)	low air pressure	8.5kPa 25 $\pm 10^{\circ}C$ 2h		
4.23.6	30(Db)	damp heat, cyclic	55 $^{\circ}C$;24h; $\geq 90\%$ RH 5 cycles	$\pm 0.25\% + 0.05\Omega$	
			LCT=-55 $^{\circ}C$ UCT=125 $^{\circ}C$		
4.24	3(Ca)	damp heat, steady state	40 $\pm 2^{\circ}C$;56days 93+2/-3%RH	$\pm 0.25\% + 0.05\Omega$	
4.25.1	—	endurance standard operation mode	U= $\sqrt{P70}$ *R $\leq U_{max}$; 1.5h on;0.5h off; 70 $^{\circ}C$ 1000h	$\pm 0.50\% + 0.05\Omega$	
4.29	45(XA)	component solvent	isopropy alcohol; +23 $^{\circ}C$	marking legible	
		resistance	toothbrush method		no visible damage

Remark :unless otherwise specified,all values are tested at the following condition;
temperature:21 $^{\circ}C$ to 25 $^{\circ}C$;Relative humidity:45% to 60%